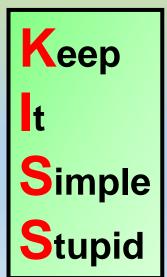


Module 8

Limit Responses to 1 of suit Openers

- 1 Revision of Responses to 1NT Opening Bids
- 2 Quiz on Responses to 1NT
- 3 Limit Responses to 1 of a suit Opening bids
- 4 4-6 Playing hands illustrating responses and rebids

Old Sage: "Bridge is a great comfort in old age, BUT it helps you get there faster"





This week's Paddy's Pearl





Summary of Bidding over 1NT (Revision)

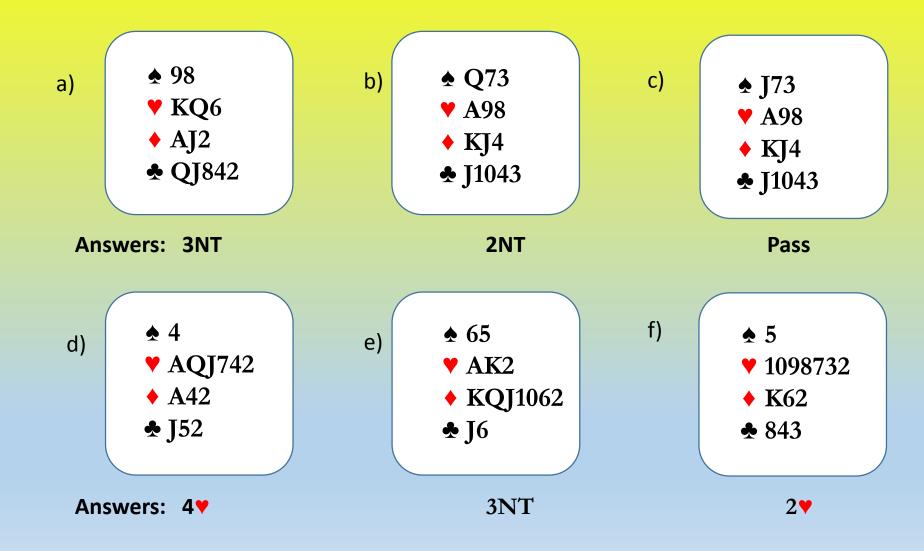
Opening Bid of 1NT	Responses		
12-14 HCP Balanced hand e.g. 4333, 4432, 5332	Pass	0-10HCP, no long suit	
	2♣	Asks whether opener has a 4 card major	(See Module 7)
	2♦/2♥/2♠	0-10 HCP, 5+ cards in bid suit	Weak bid
	2NT	11/12 HCP, balanced hand	Limit Bid
	3♣/3♦	13+ HCP, 6+ cards in bid suit	Forcing Bid (3NT or 5 of minor?)
	3♥/3♠	12+ HCP, 5+ cards in bid suit	Forcing bid (3NT or 4 of major?)
	3NT/4♥/4♠	Enough for game	Sign off





Quiz for Module 7

Q1 Partner opens 1NT, your RHO passes, what is your responsive bid?





Q2. You open 1NT with the following hand



What does your partner mean by the following responses and what do your rebid?

a) 24

b) 2NT

c) 4 **Y**

Ans: Weak

Invitational

Sign off

Pass

3NT

Pass





Responding to an Opening 1♣/1♦/1♥/1♠

Opening the bidding with one of a suit tells partner that:

- You have between 13-19 HCP (High Card Points)
- Your hand is unbalanced. OR you are too strong to bid 1NT
- The suit you have bid is your strongest suits.

Opening with 2 suits of the same length

- With two 5 card suits open the higher ranking suit
- With two 4 card suits open: the major with one major and one minor,

1♥ with ♦ or ♣, 1♠ with ♦ or ♣.

the lower of two equal ranking suits,

1♥ with ♥ and ♠, 1♠ with ♣ and ♦

Biddable Suits:

- When you bid a suit you are suggesting this should be the possible trump suit.
- The only criteria is the length of the suit. You must have at least 4 cards in the suit.
- You cannot open or respond in a suit with 3 or less cards
- Any suit of 4 cards or more is a biddable suit.





Rules for Responding to 1♣/1♦/1♥/1♠

- Pass with 0-5 HCP (pts).
- Always respond with 6 or more major suit always raise him
- Without support for partner. Bid a new suit or NT 3.

Types of Response These are <u>limit bids</u> with specific point ranges and are <u>non-forcing</u>: Opener can PASS

Weak Responses 6-8 HCP With 4+ support for partner's suit 2 of partners suit

> Without support for partners suit 1NT

Game Responses 12+ HCP With support Raise to Game

Without support, balanced & stops 3NT

Double Raise of partners suit e.g. 1♠ to 3♠ **Invitational** 10/11HCP With support

without support, balanced & stops

Opener would normally pass weak responses: only raise with very strong and/or distributional hand Opener will normally pass *game* responses

Opener will only bid game to invitational responses if above minimum and/or has distributional hand

Forcing Responses: A response in a new suit is **unlimited** and could be very strong Opener cannot PASS, he must rebid





Which Suit should you Open?

★ KQ102
★ K7
★ AJ74
♣ Q103

c)

★ KQ42▼ AJ74◆ A3◆ QJ6

1♠

4 of major & 4 of minor

1

longest suit not strongest

1

two 4 card majors **1** 🔻

4 of major & 4 of minor





The First Response

Opener Bids 1

a)

- **★** K102
- ***** 87
- **♦ Q**J64
- **♣** Q1053

A weak hand, 6-9HCP no support, **bid 1NT**

b)

- **♠ Q**2
 - **♥** J753
 - **♦ A643**
 - **♣** 854

Weak with support 7HCP, bid 2♥

c)

- **♦** J742
- **V** 1074
- **♦** J9864
- **♣** 7

Weak < 6HCP
Pass

d)

- **♦** A74
- **♥** KQ104
- **♦** J862
- **♣** 95

10HCP, too strong for 2♥, bid 3♥

Opener Bids 1♠

a)

- **▲ A542**
- **♥** KQ73
- **♦ K**6
- **♣** 986

8+ trump, 25+HCP enough for game, <u>4◆</u>

b)

- **★** 82
- **♥ KQ**9
- **♦ KQ102**
- **♣** QJ96

26+HCP, no support all suits stopped, **3NT**

c)

- **★** A742
 - **♥** K873
 - **♦ K**6
 - **♣** 986

>8HCP, too good for 2♠, not enough for 4♠, bid 3♠, inviting game

d)

- **★** KJ6
- **♥** AJ3
- **♦** 862
- **♣ Q**975

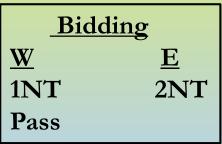
11HCP, no support not enough for 3NT bid 2NT, inviting game







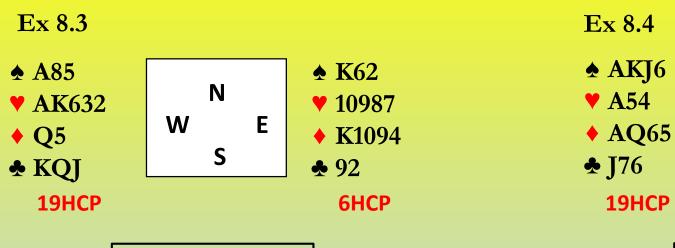




When responder makes a *limit bid* and opener knows the partnership *cannot make game* – then **opener PASSES**

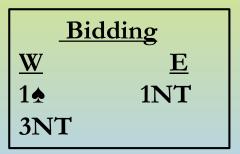






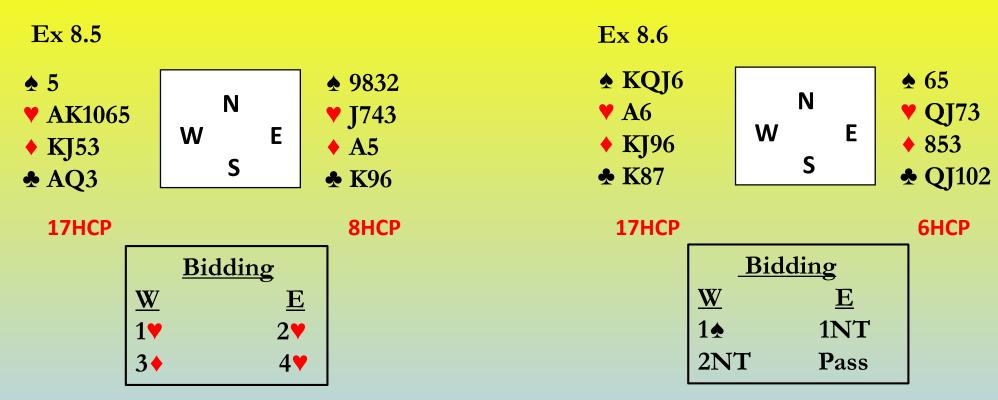






When responder makes a *limit bid* and opener knows the partnership *can make game* – then **opener BIDS GAME**





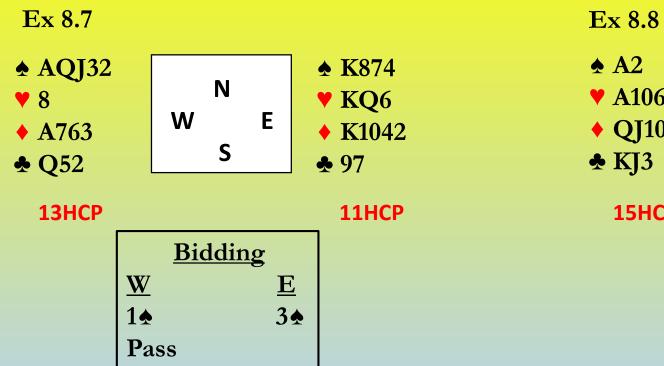
When opener thinks game may be on, he/she makes an invitational bid asking responder to bid game if he/she has maximum

Opener can rebid 3♥, but makes a *game try*By bidding 3♦ (not intending to play in that suit)
but allowing responder to consider whether his
high cards are useful
With 8pts, maximum limit bid, responder bids 4♥

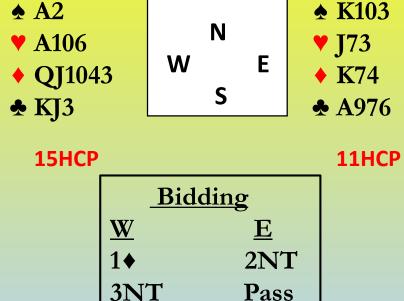
Opener rebids 2NT, an *invitational* bid With a minimum of 6HCP East declines the invitation and *PASSES*







West has a minimum opener, 13HCP and refuses responders 3♠ *invitational* bid With ≥ 15HCP he/she would have bid 4♠



On this occasion west has enough points to accept easts invitational bid and Consequently bids game



Playing Hands for Module 8

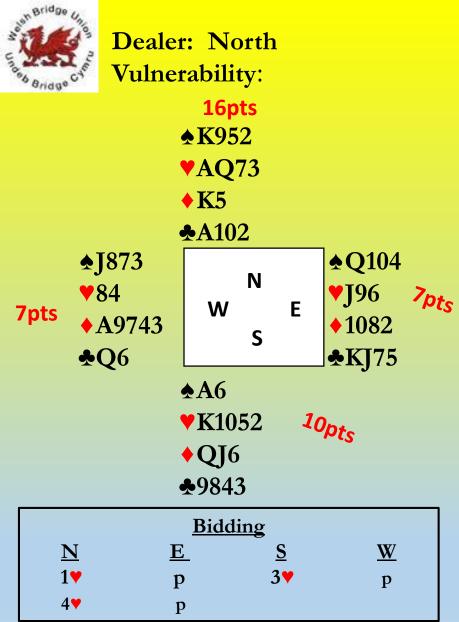
Keep
It
Simple
Stupid

Old Sage: "Bridge is a great comfort in old age, BUT it helps you get there faster"



This week's Paddy's Pearl





With 26HCP N/S should be in a *game* contract.

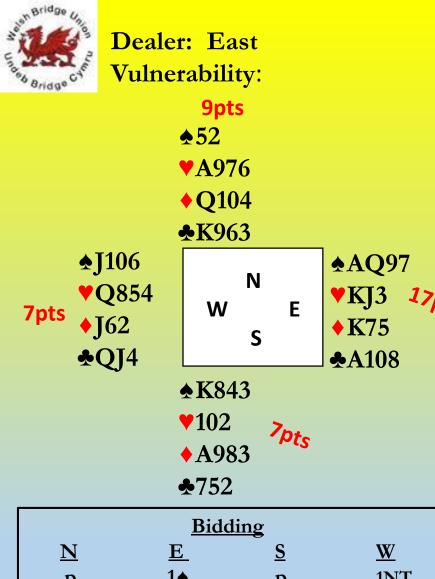
Bidding: With heart support and 10HCP south makes an invitational bid of 3♥ (6-8pts would have been a limit bid of 2♥). With >15pts North accepts the invitation and bids game, 4♥

Lead: Probably ♣5, 4th highest and *3rd hand should play high* ♣Q.

Card Play: North should take out trump and then play ◆K to establish
2 ◆ tricks
Should make 10 tricks with 2 ♠, 3 ♥, 2 ♦ and 1 ♣ tricks and
2 heart *ruffs*

Deal 8.1





1♠ 1NT p All Pass 2NT

Deal 8.2

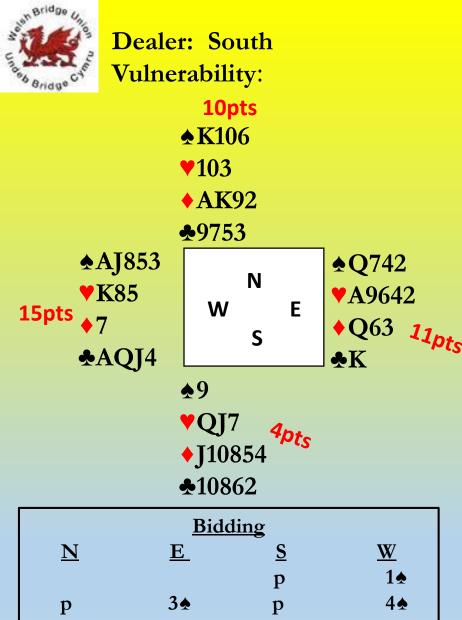
With 23HCP E/W should stop in a *part score* contract.

Bidding: With 17HCP and a balanced hand East is too strong for 1NT, so opens longest suit 1♠, West responds 1NT *limit bid* and East invites game by bidding 2NT. Not having maximum West *passes*

Probably ♣3, 4th highest, though 6♥ equally OK. I prefer the ♣3 Lead: as the ♦Q and ♥A could become entries to establish the 4th club

Card Play: Having taken the club lead with ♣Q in west declarer should finesse the spades through the AQ, which is wrong, and make the club return and establish the 3 spade tricks, and play VK and continue to establish that suit.

Should make 8 tricks with $3 \spadesuit$, $2 \checkmark$, and $3 \clubsuit$ tricks



With 26HCP E/W should expect to be in a **game** contract.

Bidding: West with 15HCP bids his/her longest suit, 1♠

East with 11 pts and spade support *invites game* with 3♠

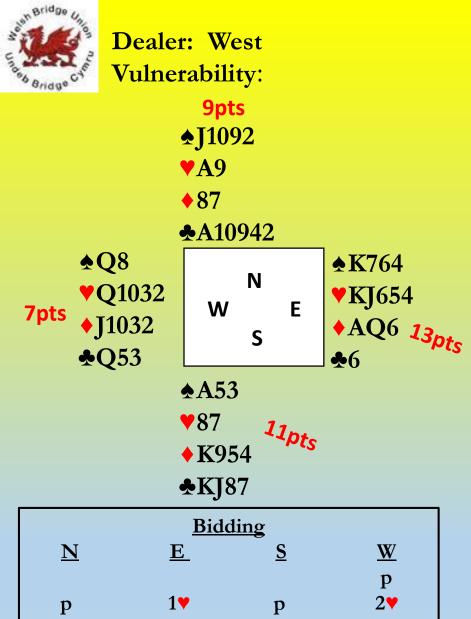
With 15pts and a 5-card spade suit West bids game, 4♠

Lead: ◆A is safe lead, promises ◆K and provides an opportunity to see dummy and decide what to continue

Card Play: West takes trick 2 with a diamond ruff leads ♣4 to ♣K to unlock that suit. East plays ♠2 and finesses through ♠AJ and loses to the K.

Whatever is led back West takes lead and eliminates the hearts. Should make 11 tricks with 5♠ (2 of them being ruffs), 2♥, 1♦ and 4♠ tricks

Deal 8.3



Although points are split 20HCP each I expect E/W to play in a part score as East is the only one with the points for an opening bid.

Bidding: East opens 1 and west bids a limit bid of 2 and East being minimum passes

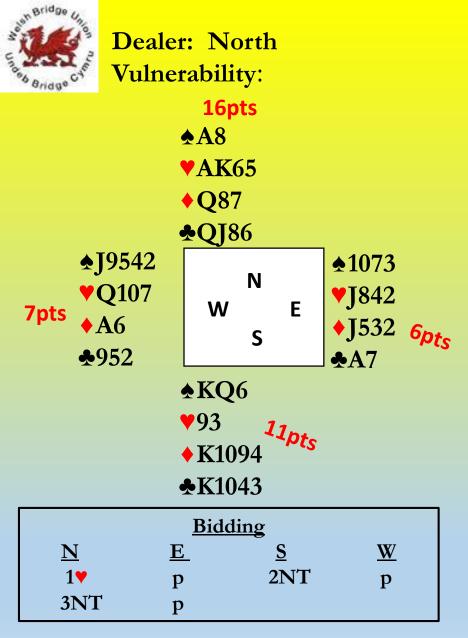
Lead: Awkward lead. Probably $\clubsuit 7$, 4^{th} highest even though you will be concerned about leading from $\clubsuit KJ$

Card Play: Declarer will take 2^{nd} club with a ruff in East then draw trumps and lose the \blacklozenge finesse through the $\blacklozenge AQ$ Should make 9 tricks with $1 \spadesuit$, $5 \heartsuit$ (one being a ruff), $3 \spadesuit$



All Pass





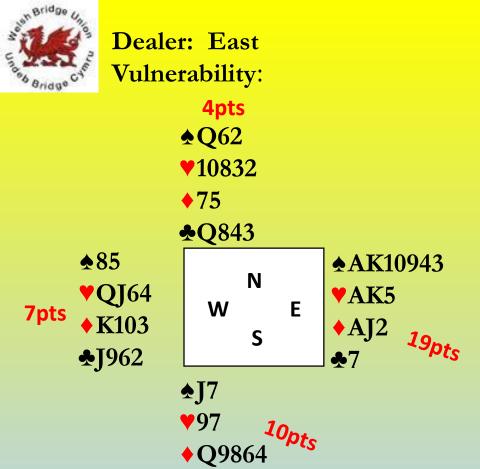
Deal 8.5

N/S with 27HCPs should be in a game contract..

Bidding: East opens 1♥ and west bids a limit/invitational bid of 2NT, showing 11/12pt and obviously denying a 4 card spades suit. East with 16pts and only a 4 card heart suit and flat hand bids game, 3NT.

Lead: West leads 4♠, 4th highest of longest suit, against NT

Card Play: South can count 3♠, and 2♥ tricks and after drawing out the ♣A can see a further 3♣ tricks, so requires to make some diamond tricks to make the contract. After taking the A and retaining control of the other suits eliminate the A. I would expect a spade return which S takes with ♠K. Enter S with ♥A and lead ♦Q and let it run. This eliminates the ♦A and guarantees 9 tricks. While the diamond finesse is on, I would not risk taking it, as if it is wrong you would go one back as west still has 2 spade winners. I would draw the clubs and lead the diamonds through E, who has had to find 2 discards. I suspect you finish making 10 tricks without finessing, losing only ◆A and J and ♣A

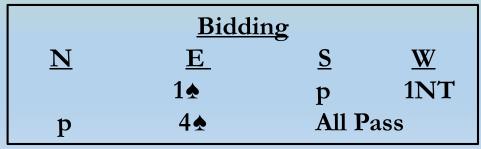


E/W with 26HCPs should be in a game contract..

Bidding: East opens 1♠ and W bids a limit bid of 1NT, 6-8HCP and a balanced hand. East knows they have 25-27pts and that West must have at least 2 spades for his bid, so with 8+ spades between them he bids game of 4♠

Lead: South leads ♣A.

Card Play: After *ruffing* the second club in east declarer takes the spades out losing to the ♠Q and making 11 tricks



♣AK105

