# Lebensohl After Opponent's Weak-Two Opening- part 1 

## A Very Useful Convention

## Introduction

- I have discussed Lebensohl as a conventional response when opponents interfere over partner's one-no-trump opening bid.
- We will examine how the convention is used after partner makes a takeout double of an opponent's weak-two opening bid.
- It will take us two weeks to cover this convention fully.
- However, you will learn enough in this first lesson to begin using the convention.


## Imagine This Auction

North East South West
24 dble pass 3
pass
East's hand

- 42
- A Q J 5
- KQ 53
- A J 10

Hand 1: lucky to make 3v.
Hand 2: really good chance to make 4 4 .
How will you know?

West is forced to bid. Here are two possible hands:
Hand 1

- 9653
- K 873
- 982
- 73

Hand 2

- 9653
-K873
- A8 2
- Q 3


## The Basics of the Convention

- After a weak-two opening by LHO, a double by your partner and a pass by RHO...
- Any 2-level suit bid = 0-8 points, to play unless partner has a very strong hand.
- A direct, 3-level bid (jump or non-jump) 9-12 points. \{game invitational]
- A 4-level bid of an unbid major suit is to play, without slam interest.
- A 5-level bid of an unbid minor is to play, without slam interest.
- A direct cue bid of the opponent's suit is game forcing and shows slam interest.


## More Basics

- After a weak-two opening by LHO, a double by your partner and a pass by RHO...
- 2 no trump is conventional, alertable, a relay, requiring partner to bid 3\%.
- Shows 0-8 points and a desire to play a suit at the 3-level, below the rank of the opponent's suit.
- There are some optional refinements - see next slide.


## Optional Refinements After the Relay

North East South West (you)
$2 \downarrow$ dble pass $2 n t$
pass 3\% pass 3a

- Shows a 9-11 with 4 spades.
- A direct jump (passing up the relay) shows 9-11 with 5+ spades.
- After the relay, a bid of $3 n t$ is to play but shows a single stopper in the opponent's suit.
- Expressing some doubt about the no trump.
- A direct jump to 3 no trump shows a double stopper.


## Let's Look at Some Examples

- For all the following examples, you will be west, and the bidding will be.
North East South West
2\% dble pass ??


## Example 1

West's hand

- A 965
- 873
-K842
$\div 73$
- Your bid 2a
- Any 2-level bid is to play.
- Shows 0-8 points.


## Example 2

West's hand

- J 65
$\checkmark 873$ (3 points)
- 42

Q Q 9753

- Your bid 2 nt
- Partner will bid 32.
- You will pass.


## Example 3

West's hand

- A 65
- 873
(10 points)
-AJ105
- J 97
- Your bid 3 3 .
- Constructive 9-12 points.
- Partner can pass.
- Bid 3nt - you will pass.
- Bid 3a, you will raise to 4a.


## Example 4

West's hand

- 65
- 8753
-Q965
\& Q 97
- Your bid 2 nt.
- Partner will bid 3\&.
- You will bid 3*.
- Partner will pass
- All you can do is hope for the best.
- This is why they preempt.


## Example 5

West's hand

- A 9653
- 853
-Q 95
-K 7
- Your bid 3a.
- Natural and invitational, with a 5-card suit.


## Example 6

West's hand

- AJ 65
- 853
-Q952
-K 7
- Your bid 2nt.
- Partner bids 3e.
- You bid 34.
- Same invitation, but with a 4-card suit.
- Note with a 0-8 points, you would have bid 24.


## Example 7

West's hand
A 5

- Q 9653
- 52
\& 742
- Your bid 2nt.
- Partner bids 3e.
- You will pass.
- This hand is not good enough to pass partner's double for penalty.


## Example 8

West's hand

- 75
- Q J 1053
- 52
-K742
- Your bid Pass.
- You have only 6 points.
- Your heart suit is strong enough to turn partner's takeout double into a penalty double.


## Example 9

West's hand
\& Q J 75

- Q 3
- K 52
- J 742
- Your bid 2a.
- It looks like you have 9 points.
- You might think you should make an invitational bid.
- But 2 of your points are the queen of hearts.
- Surely, useless points.


## Example 10

West's hand

- A 975
- 83
- K Q 52
- AJ 2
- Your bid 3V.
- Your cue bid is forcing to game.
- You might just bid 4a.
- Your hand is good enough that you might have a slam.
- Show partner that you have a really good hand.


## Example 11

West's hand
-K Q J 975

- 832
-K5 2
$\div 8$
- Your bid 4a.
- You have enough for game.
- Your hand is not good enough to consider slam, unless partner makes the first step.


## Example 12

West's hand

- A 5
$\checkmark 2$ (15 points)
-KQ952
- AQ 863
- Your bid 3ワ.
- Show your partner that you have slam interest.
- You will probably play 6 of one of the minors.


## Example 13

West's hand

- Q 5
- A 103
-KQ95
\& A 863
- Your bid 2 nt.
- Partner will bid 3\&.
- You will bid 3nt.
- Going through the relay shows partner that you have a single stopper.
- You are not sure you can handle the heart suit.
- Partner will need some help in hearts ( $Q x$ ).


## Example 14

West's hand
A A J 5
-QJ 98
(12 points)

- Q 95
\& K 63
- Your bid 3 nt.
- A direct 3nt bid shows a sure double stopper and enough points for game.


## Final Thoughts

- I've show you the basics of the system.
- Next week I will look at what to do if the opponents compete further.

