## Competing When Opponents Open 1NT

## When to Compete:

- With about 10 high card points (HCP) and either a $6+$ card suit or two $5+$ card suits. Most of the points in your suits. Unbalanced shape is important for the success of your contract.
- Compete either directly after the 1NT bid or after partner of 1NT opener passes. Both OK.
- Note: If partner of 1 NT opener passes, their side typically has about 21 HCP (at most $17+7$ $=24$, perhaps as little as $15+0=15$ ). This means your side has typically about 19 HCP.
- Partner of 1NT opener: Can use Stayman, transfers or bid 2NT if bidding still low enough.


## Cappelletti Convention: After an opponent 1NT opening bid:

- Double: Shows 15-17 points. (Partner can pass for penalty, or use Stayman \& transfers.)
- 2C: One $6+$ card suit. (If next opponent passes, partner bids 2 D so the bidding will not end at 2 C . The 2 C bidder passes if diamonds is the 6 card suit, bids the 6 card suit otherwise.)
- 2D: Both majors. (Partner bids partner's best major at the 2 level. Game is unlikely.)
- 2H: Hearts \& a minor. (Partner passes or bids 2NT to request that you bid your minor.)
- 2S: Spades \& a minor. (Partner passes or bids 2NT to request that you bid your minor.)
- 2NT: Both minors. (Partner bids partner's best minor at the 3 level. Game is unlikely.)
- Any 3 or 4 level bid: To play. A pre-empt.
- Exception: If partner makes an unexpected bid, partner wants to play in their $6+$ card suit.

Examples of Cappelletti: (Opponent bids shown in brackets.)

1. (1NT)-2C-(P)-2D-(P)-2H: The 2 C bid shows a hand with one $6+$ card suit. Partner bids 2 D so the bidding will not end with $2 \mathrm{C}-(\mathrm{P})-\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{P})$. The 2 C bidder then bids a $6+$ card heart suit.
2. (1NT)-2D-(P)-2S: 2 D bid shows $5-5$ in the majors. Partner has more spades than hearts.
3. (1NT)-P-(P)-2H-(P)-2NT-(P)-3D: The 2 H bid shows 5 hearts \& a 5 card minor. Partner with $0-2$ hearts but $3+$ cards in each minor bids 2 NT to ask the 2 H bidder to bid the minor.
4. (1NT)-2H-(P)-2S: The 2 H bid shows 5 hearts \& a 5 card minor. Partner bids 2 S in order to play in partner's own $6+$ card spade suit. The 2 H bidder should pass.

## Blooman Convention (like inverted Cappelletti): After an opponent 1NT opening bid:

- Double: Two-suited hand. Partner bids 2C so the bidding will not die out. You then bid:
- 2D: Both majors. (Partner bids partner's best major at the 2 level.)
- 2H: Hearts \& a minor. (Partner passes or bids 2NT to request you bid your minor).
- 2S: Spades \& a minor. (Partner passes or bids 2NT to request you bid your minor.)
- 2C, 2D, 2H, 2S: Single suited hand with a $6+$ card suit.
- Everything else: Same as Cappelletti.


## Pros \& Cons:

- Cappelletti: Allows a penalty double. But your desire to double for penalty rarely occurs.
- Blooman: 6 card suits occur about 4 times more often than $5-5$ hands. You get to mention your suit immediately. This interferes more with the opponents' bidding.

