#### 13 ISYOUR LUCKY NUMBER



+

O

#### Card Sense

- Card sense is the little bird on your shoulder or the little guy in your head telling you what to do, what card you are supposed to be playing, or what card you need to be looking for.
- Some people believe you either have it or you don't. Barry Crane said it is an instinct. "It's almost an ability to feel where the cards are. It's something that you can't buy, you can't find; you're born with it".
- I don't believe that. When you make 13 your lucky number, you won't either.
- My job today is to show you how and to make it easy.



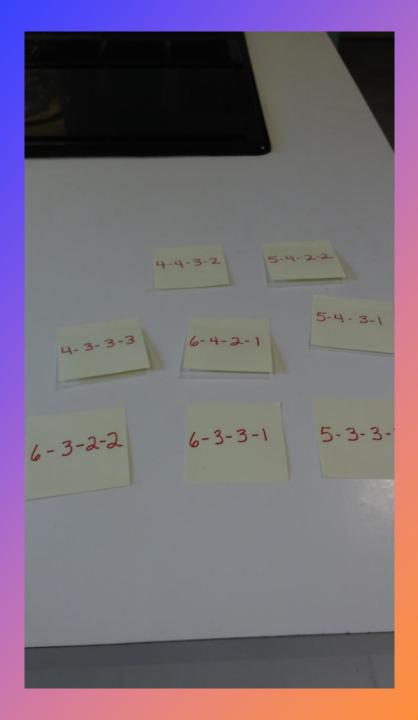
#### Count To 13

4	4	3	2	21.6%
5	3	3	2	15.5%
5	4	3	1	12.9%
5	4	2	2	10.6%
4	3	3	3	10.5%
6	3	2	2	5.6%
6	4	2	1	4.7%
6	3	3	1	3.4%
5	5	2	1	3.2%
4	4	4	1	3.0%

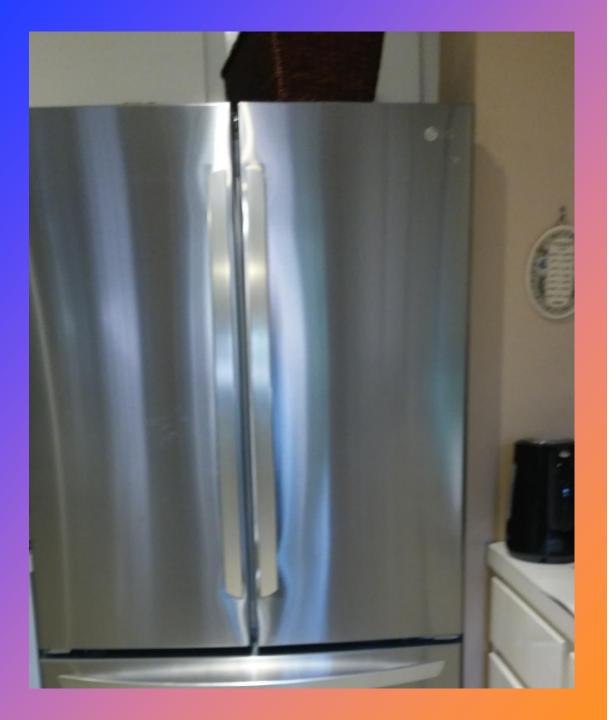
- Use pattern recognition to help you count to 13. Adding is hard.
- 13 cards in spades
- 13 cards in hearts
- 13 cards in diamonds
- 13 cards in clubs
- 13 cards in each hand
- 13 tricks in each deal



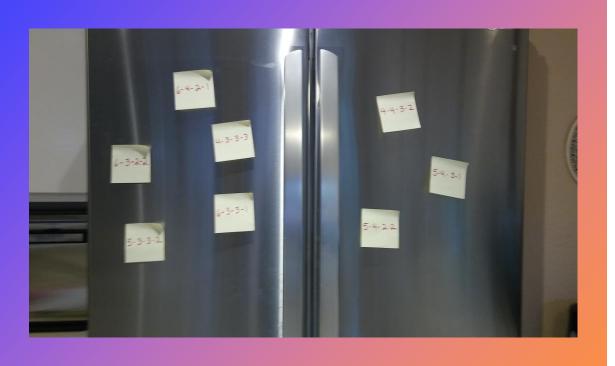
 This is a post it note. Usually yellow, but you can use any color.



 These are post it notes with card combinations.



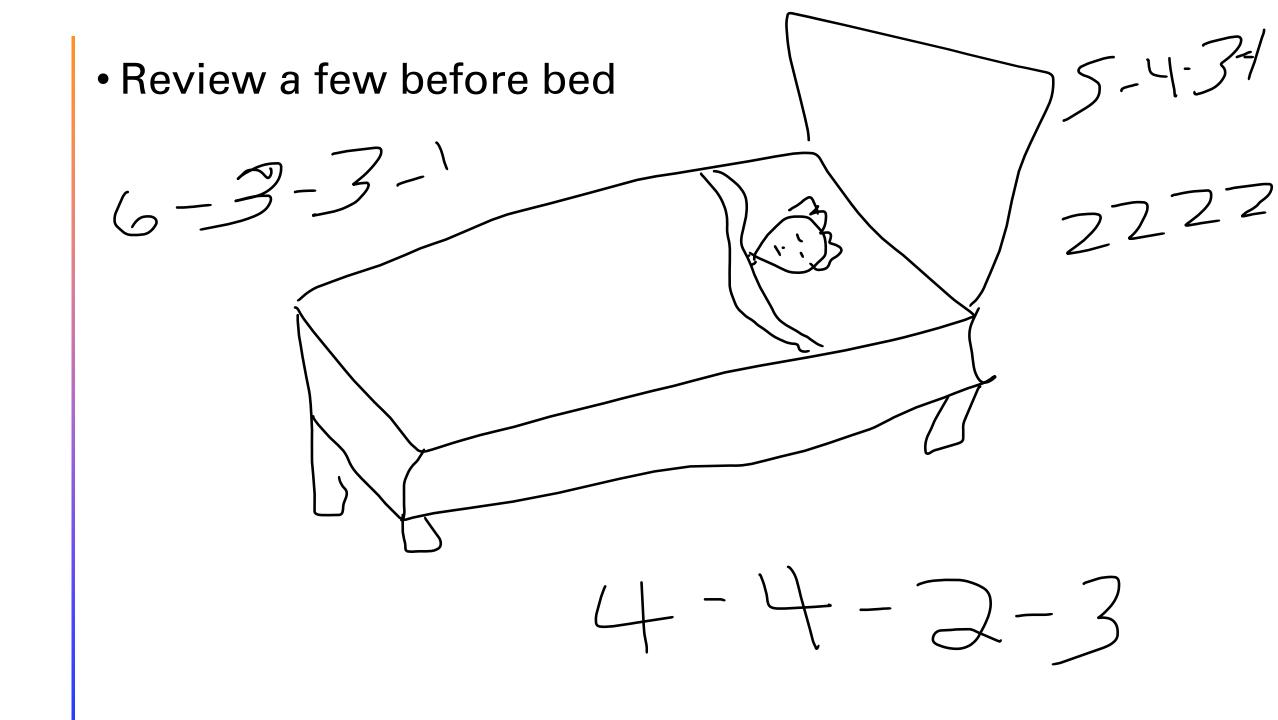
This is a refrigerator.

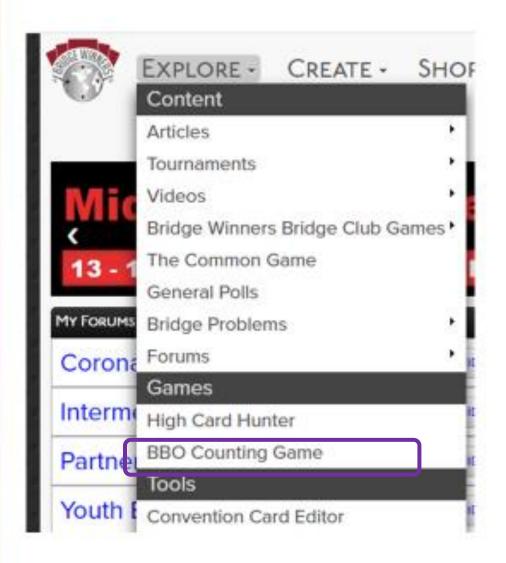


 Put it all together and you get post it notes with card combinations for your refrigerator.

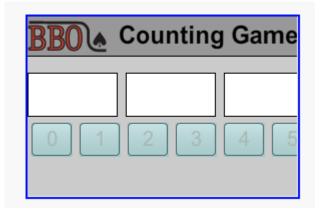


 Post it notes are very versatile.
 You can put them anywhere.



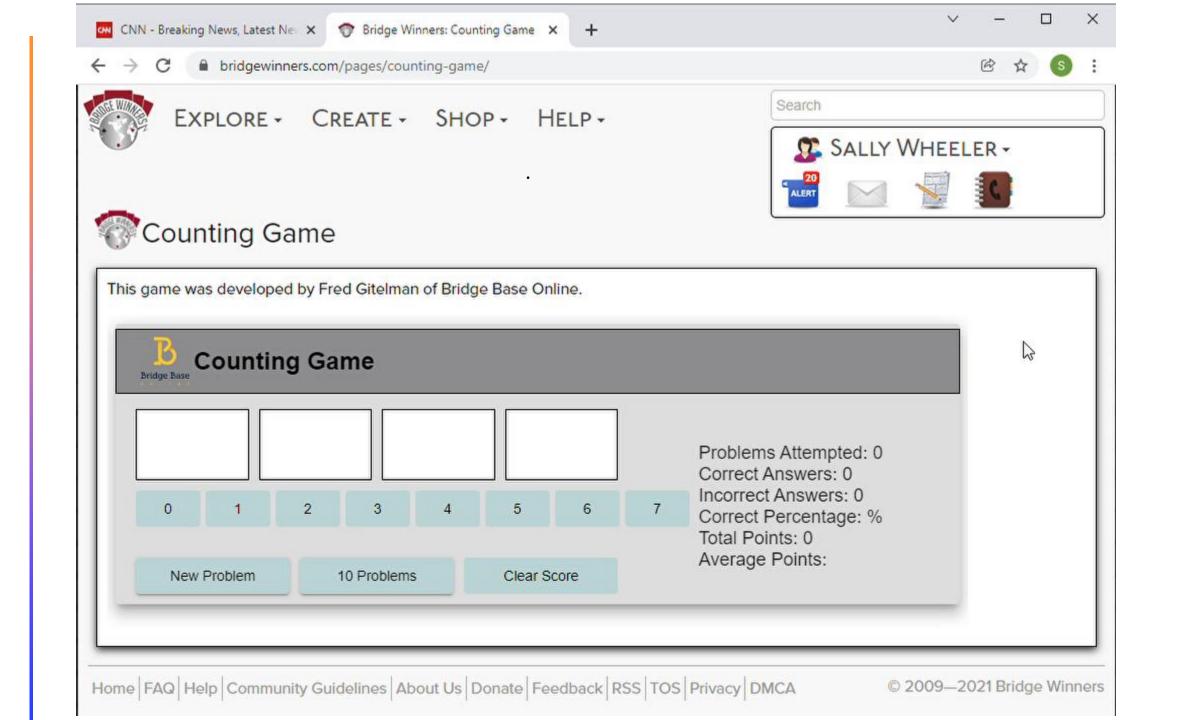


#### Bridgewinners.com/games/

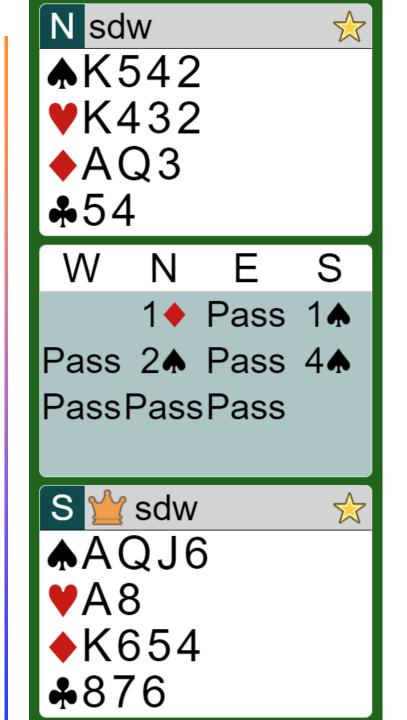


PLAY BBO COUNTING GAME NOW!

Developed by Fred Gitelman, this deviously simple game trains you to recognize distributions of bridge hands without pause for thought. Wait for three numbers, and enter the fourth one that adds up to 13! So simple, yet so maddeningly hard.



Now let's look at some examples of card combination from our patterns.

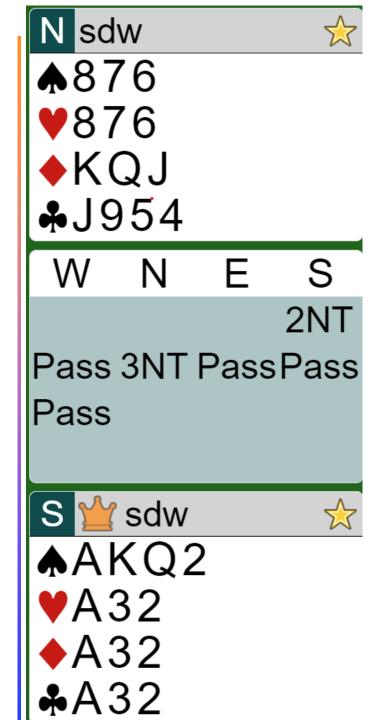


#### 4 4 3 2 Declarer-4-4 trump fit

How will your trumps divide missing 5 trumps? Approximate:  $2-3 = 2/3 \sim 67\%$ ;  $1-4 = 1/4 \sim 25\%$ 

**General Rule:** 

An ODD number out will break EVEN An EVEN number out will break ODD



#### Declarer Suit is 4-3-3-3

How do you know the last spade is high?

What goes around,
Comes back around,
But if it goes around 3 times,
It isn't coming round again.

#### Defender Suit is 4-3-3-3

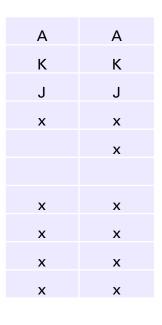
How do you know what card to keep at the end?

				N	S	Е	W
Trick							
One				?	?	?	?
Trick							
Two				?	?	?	?
Trick Thr	ee			?	?	?	?
Last one left, Declarer can't have it			?				

What goes around, Comes back around, But if it goes around 3 times, It isn't coming round again.

If the suit has been played three rounds and everyone followed, then you know you have the thirteener and declarer cannot have any in that suit.

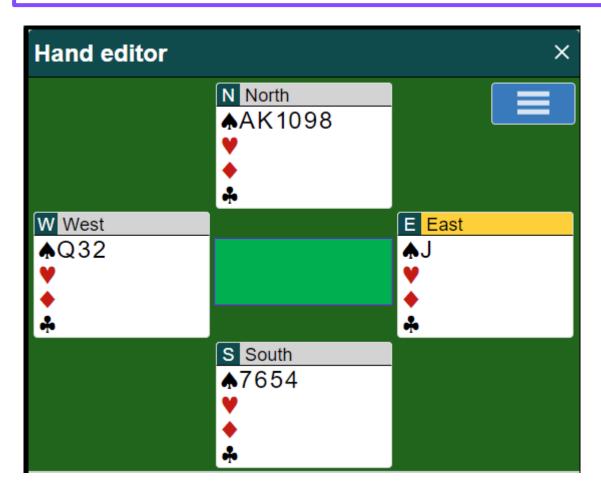
#### Declarer Looking for the trump queen



When do you finesse for the trump queen? "Eight ever- Nine Never" rule

When you have 8 card fit and are looking for the queen, it is usually right to finesse. If you have 9 card fit, play for the queen to drop.

### Declarer Looking for the trump queen Exceptions to Eight Ever – Nine Never Rule

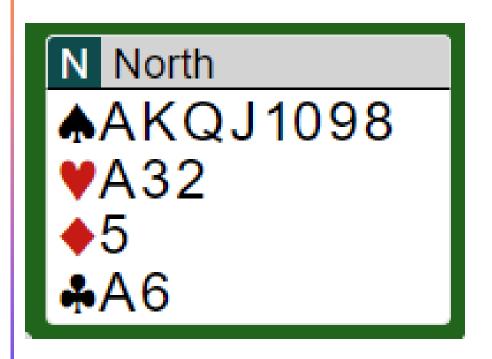


When missing the Queen and Jack and the Queen or Jack falls on the first round, Now is the time to finesse for the other honor

This is also called "Restricted Choice". He odds are 2:1 in favor of the finesse.

Another time to consider the finesse instead of the drop is when there has been a preempt showing a long suit

#### Focus on what declarer has left.



This hand is rarely in the dummy. If it was, you could see what was important to hold.

When this is declarer's hand, clear your mind and focus on the few cards that remain.

#### Sneaky plays experts make.



Play the card you are known to hold. You can be sneaky too.

Play goes:

K 3 6 9

4 2 J 5

A?? 0

If you are not paying attention and remembering your suit patterns (5-4-2-2), you may think your suit is running. (hoping for 5-3-3-2)

## THE ONE AND ONLY TRICK ONE

Guess at the lead and

1 remember the card.

Guess at the suit

2 distribution

Guess on the HCP

3 distribution

#### The Lead

Always start with the bidding.

Make an educated guess as to what the lead meant.

Try to make a special memory spot for the opening lead.

STOP

- 1 Look at opponent's convention card for how they lead.
- 2 Ask your opponents- What are your leads and carding?
- 3 Did they lead an honor card?
- 4 Did they not lead an honor card
- 5 Did they lead partner's suit
- 6 Did they not lead partner's suit
- 7 Consider the Ace problem- usually we don't lead them or underlead them.(Don't underlead Aces against suit contracts)
- 8 Remember rule of 11 for 4th best leaders, look for the spot cards that are lower than the one lead.
- 9 Did it look like a normal lead? For example, did partner lead the 2 of a suit that she is known to have at least 5 cards
- Have some agreements with your partners.

Example: we lead a low card when we want the suit returned So we lead High or 2nd high if we don't want the suit returned







#### Suit Distribution and HCP distribution

Always start with the bidding:								
1	Did the open a major? -shows 5 or more							
2	Did they open NT- shows a balanced hand- usually doesn't have							
	a singleton							
3	What did the lead tell you about the suit led?							
4	Preempts show long suits.							
5	Did declarer bid 2 suits?							

#### More patterns to help you count

Try remembering the groups of cards that add to 10 to help you count out the HCP quicker and easier

A A Q

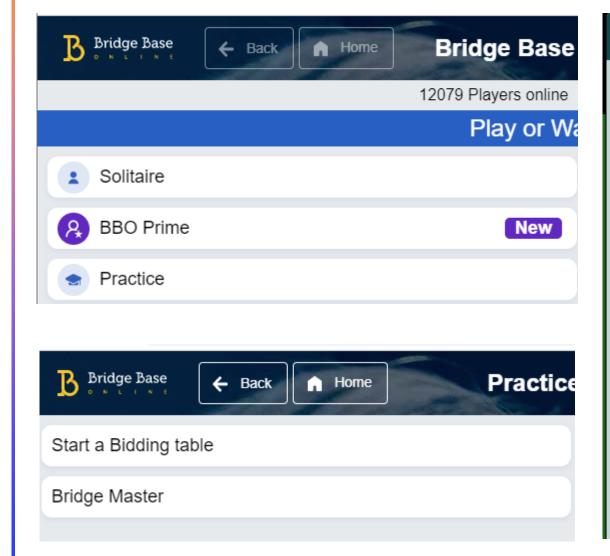
KQ KQ

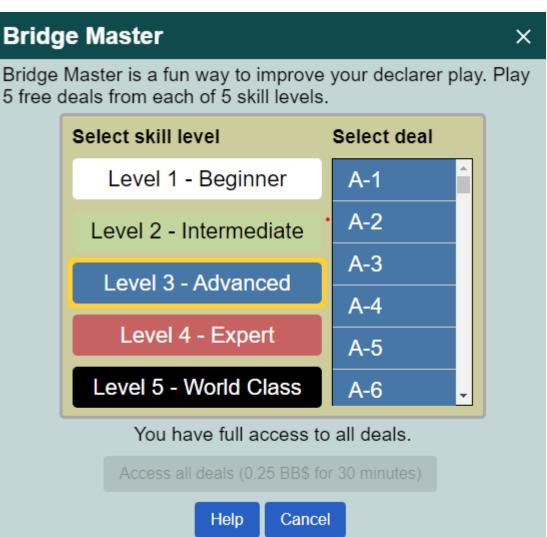
The bidding gives you clues								
re the easy								
Opening NT Usually 15-17, but they told you								
Had a chance to open, but didn't								
Passed partner's opening bid								
Was there a preempt?								
Opener's NT bids imply ranges								
1 level, then	1NT							
1NT		15-17						
1 level,then 2	NT	18-19						
2NT		20-21						
2c, then 2NT	22-24							
Was there a g	game							
invitation?								
Was the invitation accepted or declined?								
Was there a jump to game?								
What did the lead suggest?								
	Opening NT Had a chance Passed partnebid Was there a preempt? Opener's NT ranges 1 level, then 1 1NT 1 level, then 2 2NT 2c, then 2NT Was there a g invitation? Was there a j	Opening NT Usuall Had a chance to open Passed partner's open bid Was there a preempt? Opener's NT bids impranges 1 level, then 1NT 1NT 1 level, then 2NT 2NT 2c, then 2NT Was there a game invitation? Was the invitation acc Was there a jump to get	Opening NT Usually 15-17 Had a chance to open, but did Passed partner's opening bid Was there a preempt? Opener's NT bids imply ranges 1 level, then 1NT 12-14 1NT 15-17 1 level, then 2NT 18-19 2NT 20-21 2c, then 2NT 22-24 Was there a game invitation? Was there a jump to game?	Opening NT Usually 15-17, but the Had a chance to open, but didn't Passed partner's opening bid Was there a preempt? Opener's NT bids imply ranges 1 level, then 1NT 12-14 1NT 15-17 1 level,then 2NT 18-19 2NT 20-21 2c, then 2NT 22-24 Was there a game invitation? Was there a jump to game?	Opening NT Usually 15-17, but they told Had a chance to open, but didn't Passed partner's opening bid Was there a preempt? Opener's NT bids imply ranges 1 level, then 1NT 12-14 1NT 15-17 1 level,then 2NT 18-19 2NT 20-21 2c, then 2NT 22-24 Was there a game invitation? Was there a jump to game?			

# THINKING IN THE MIDDLE OF THE HAND

Make a mental note about when someone shows out of a suit. You will now have a count on that suit. Remembering your suit distributions makes this easy.

#### Bridgebase.com Bridgemaster is FREE









#### kida

Amaresh Deshpande Puzzle

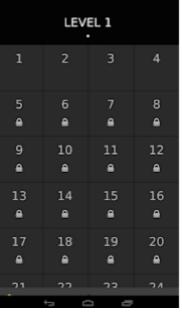
**E** Everyone

1 This app is available for your device

Installed









Buddy and I do a hand review after every Thursday night BBO CHOOSE HOUSTON game. We answer all questions and try to bring up interesting bids, play and defense. Come join us. A Zoom link is provided in the game. We also have players that didn't play and just come to the review. We can send you an email link.